

GTM partners with UF to study sea level rise in the Matanzas basin.



Project Leaders



Dr. Kathryn Frank, Principal Investigator Assistant Professor, Urban & Regional Planning, UF



Dr. Michael Shirley, Co-Principal Investigator Director of the GTM NERR



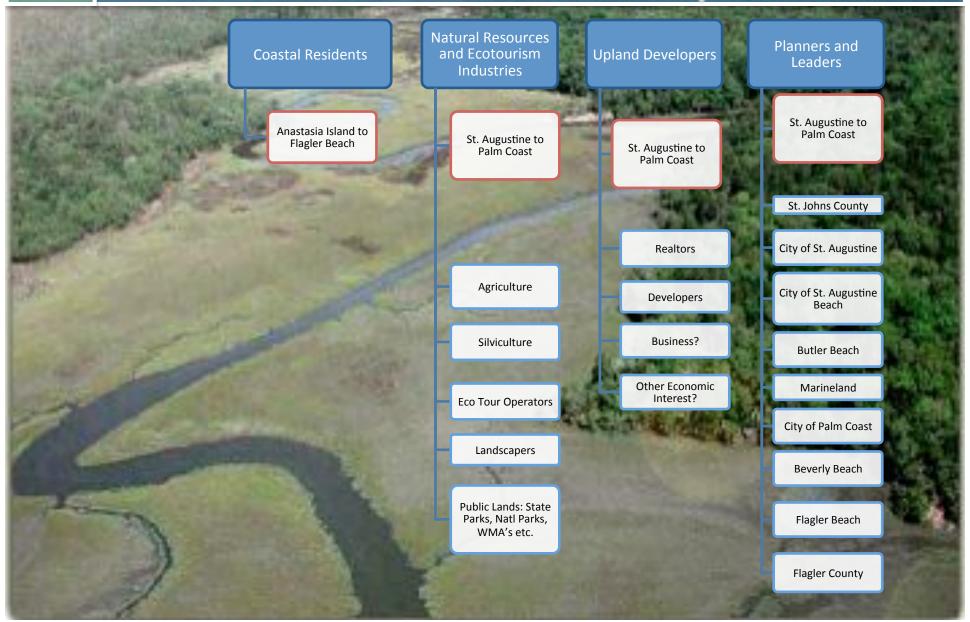
Emily Montgomery, Co-Principal Investigator Coastal Training Program Coordinator, GTM NEER

Supporting Investigators

- Dr. Dawn Jourdan, Collaboration Lead
- Prof. Bob Grist, Visualization & Communications
- Dr. Tom Hoctor, Habitat Migration Corridors
- Dr. Paul Zwick, Geospatial Analysis
- Dr. Greg Kiker, Sea Level Rise Affecting Marshes Model
- Dr. Anna Linhoss, Sea Level Rise Affecting Marshes Model
- Dr. Russell Watkins, Model Coordination & Evaluation
- Mr. Michael Volk, Habitat Migration Corridors
- Dr. Maia McGuire, Collaboration & Outreach
- Thomas Ruppert, Esq., Adaptation Strategies



Stakeholder Groups



Three Year Work Plan

Phase 1: Stakeholder Workshop

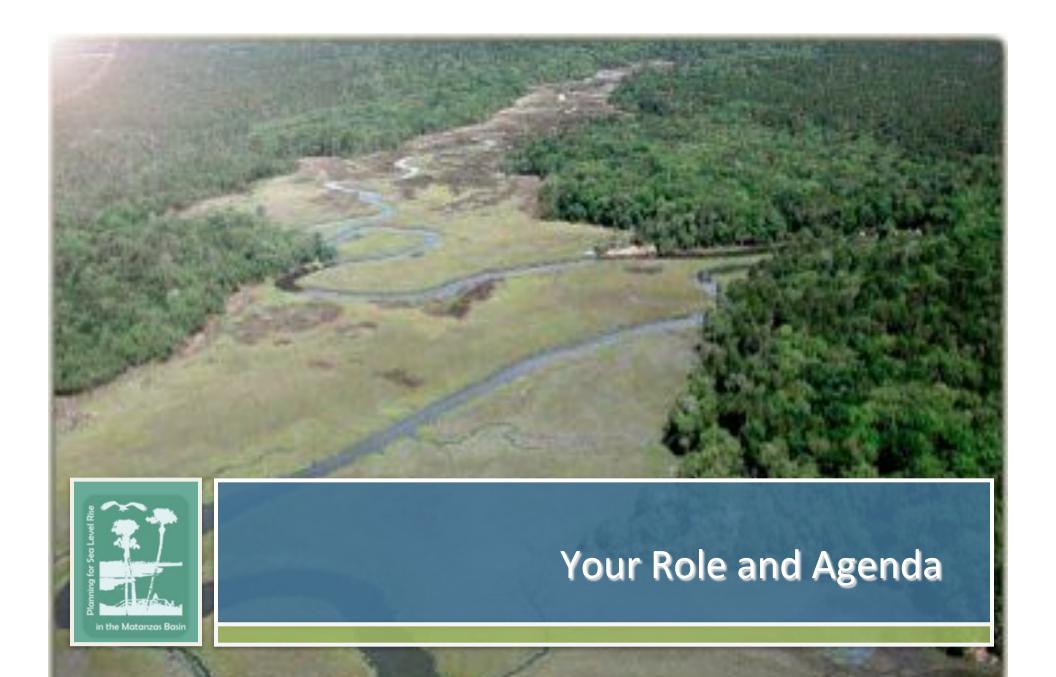
 Work with interested stakeholders to understand the potential implications of sea level rise in the Matanzas basin.

Phase 2: Large Public Workshops

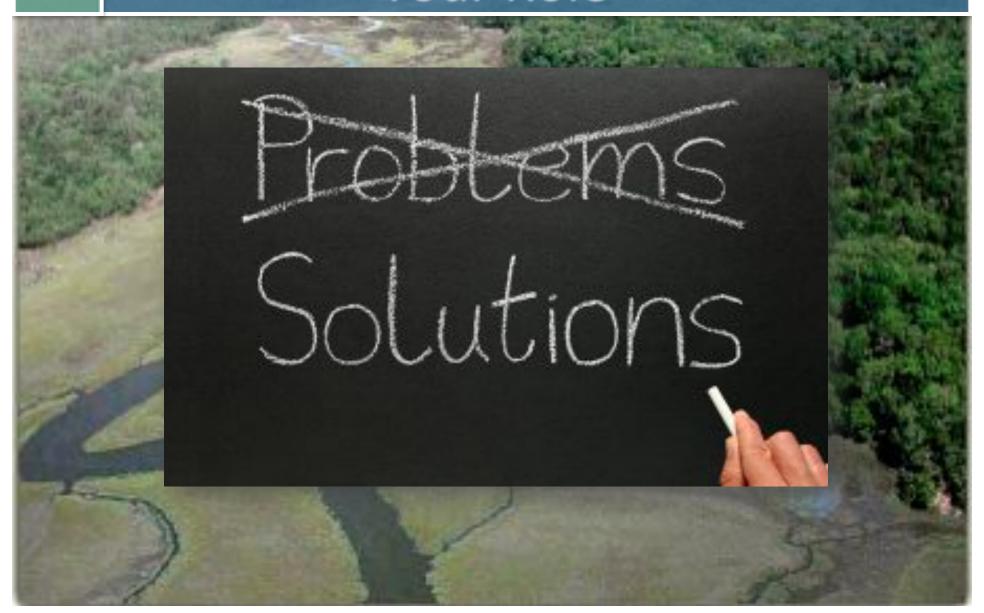
 Analyze and compare possible future development and ecological conservation scenarios.

Phase 3: Final Open Meeting

 Identify and promote adaptation tools to bring future development and conservation strategies into fruition.

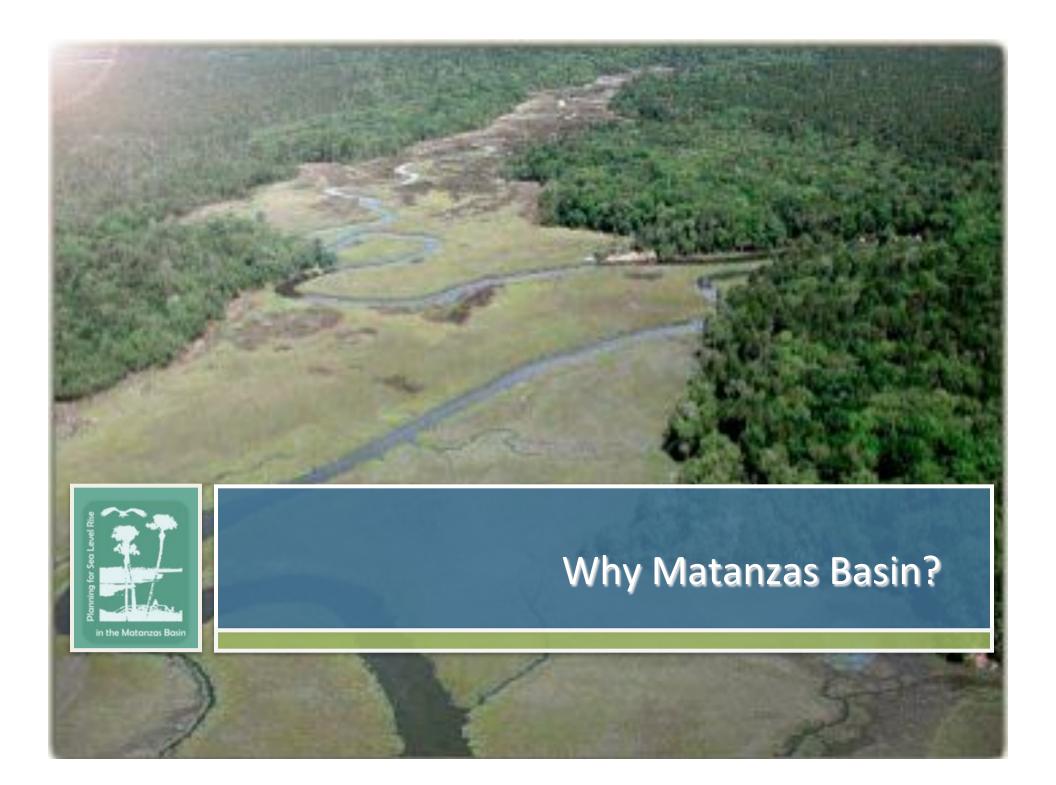


Your Role



Agenda for the First Meeting

- Reflect on how coastal dynamics have historically changed the landscape in the Matanzas Basin.
- Discuss what the science tells us about the future of coastal dynamics in the region.
- Examine the ways such changes will affect the way we live in the Basin.
- Identify those things that are most important to us charting a course for planning efforts.



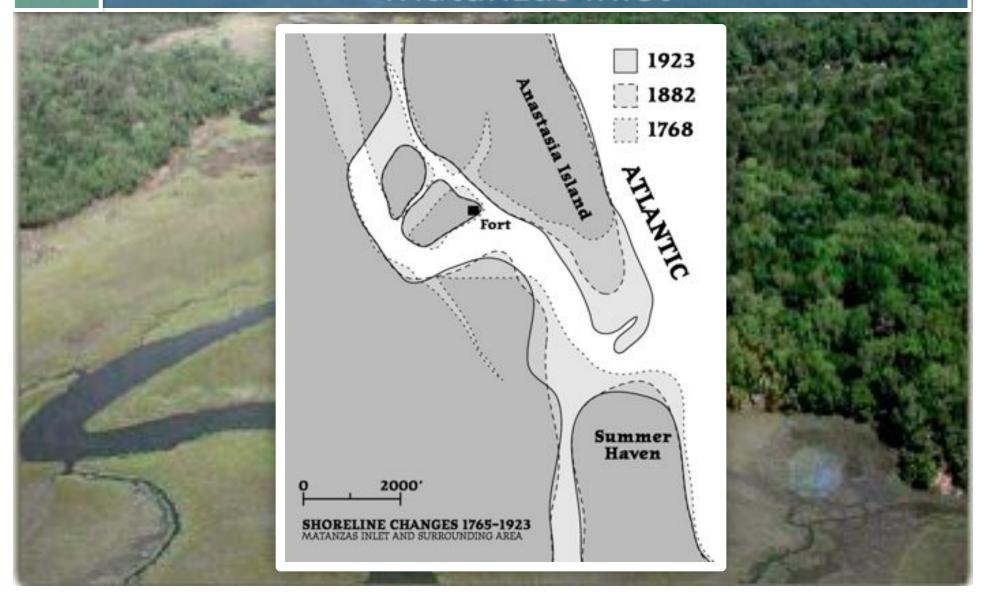
The Matanzas Basin is a Special Place



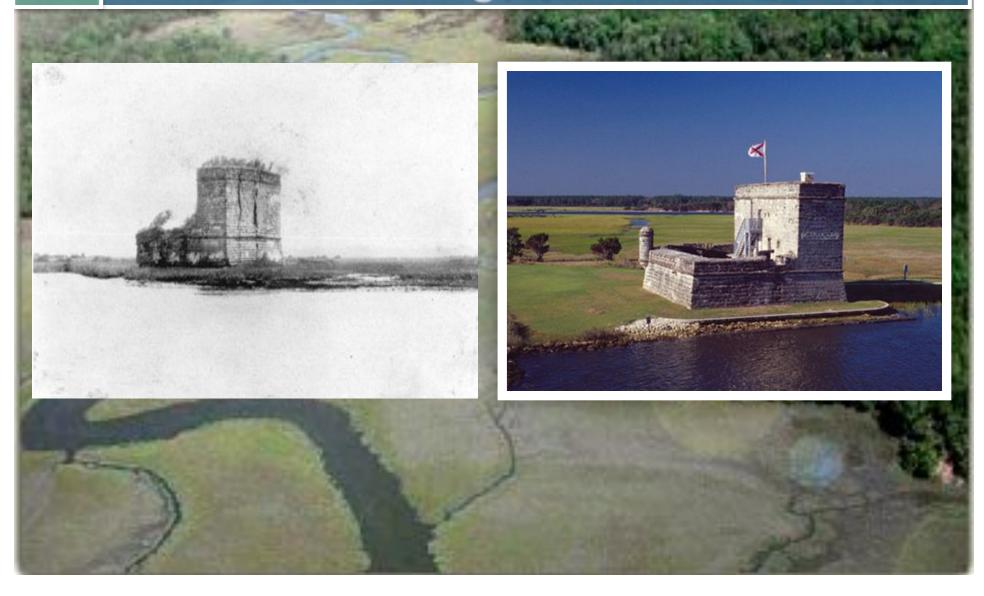
Matanzas Basin is Dynamic



Time Series of Shoreline Changes in the Matanzas Inlet



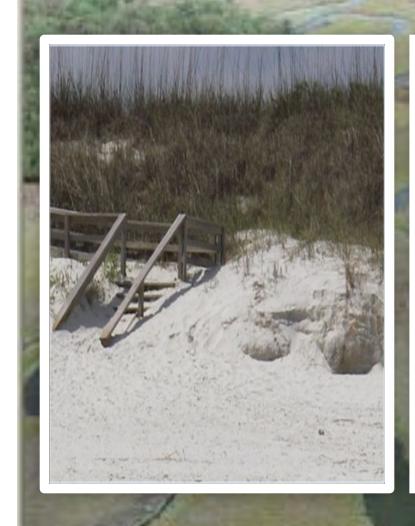
Responses: Hard Armoring Fort Matanzas

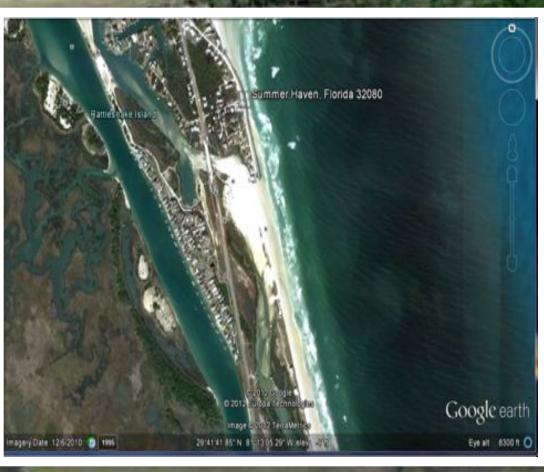


Responses: Building Hazard Resistant Infrastructure



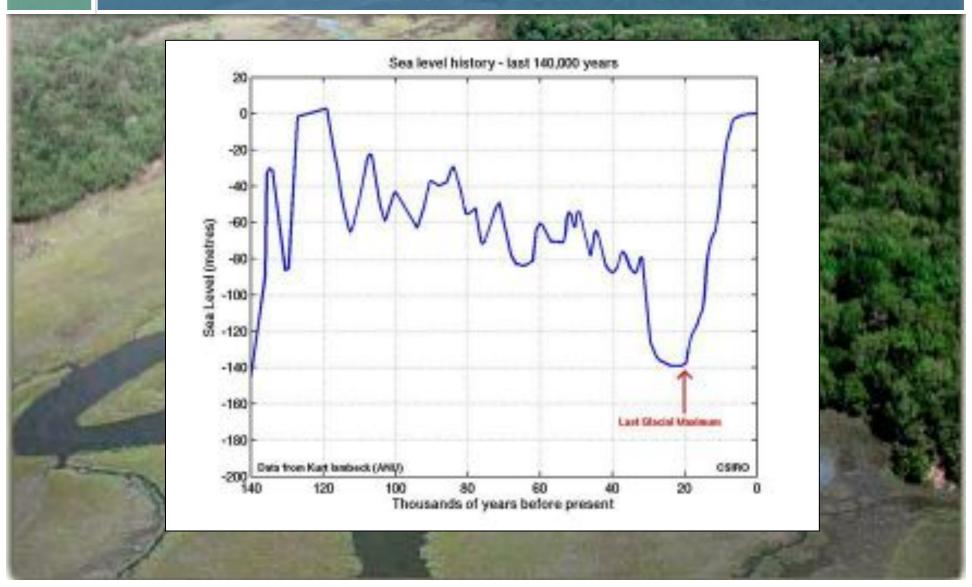
Responses: Unknown at this Point



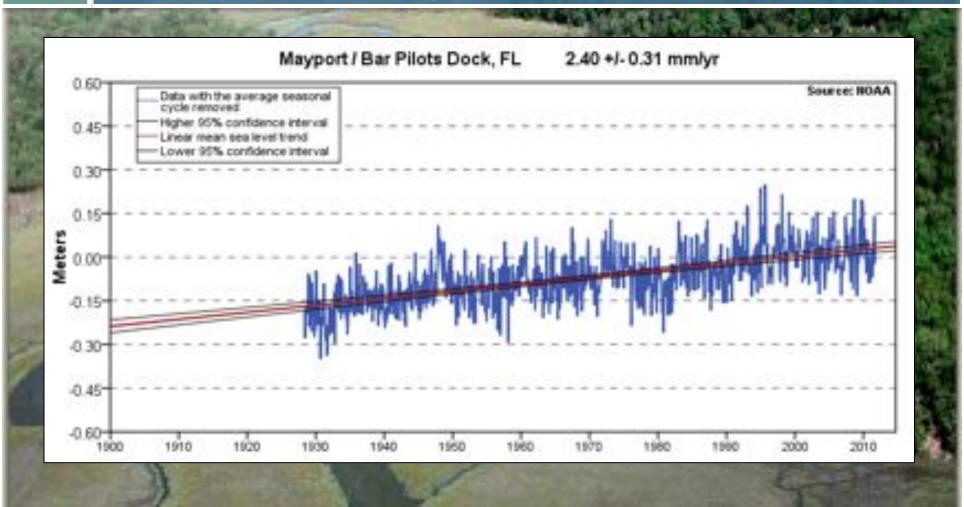




Relationship between Coastal Dynamic Forces and Sea Level Rise



A gradual upward trend... Mayport, FL



Sea level rise will affect the Matanzas Basin



Sea Rise Changes Coastal Habitats



Chris Bergh, a scientist with the Nature Conservancy, examines a dead tree with son, Nate, near their home on Big Pine Key, Fla.

From the Christian Science Monitor, March 4, 2010.

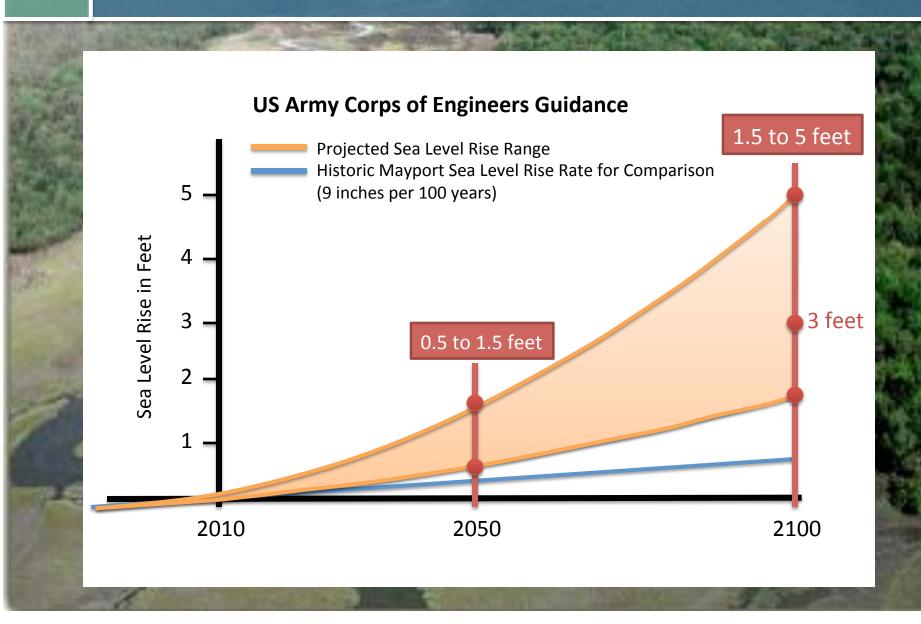
Evidence of Ecological Change in the Matanzas Basin



Why is sea level rising?



Future Sea Level Rise





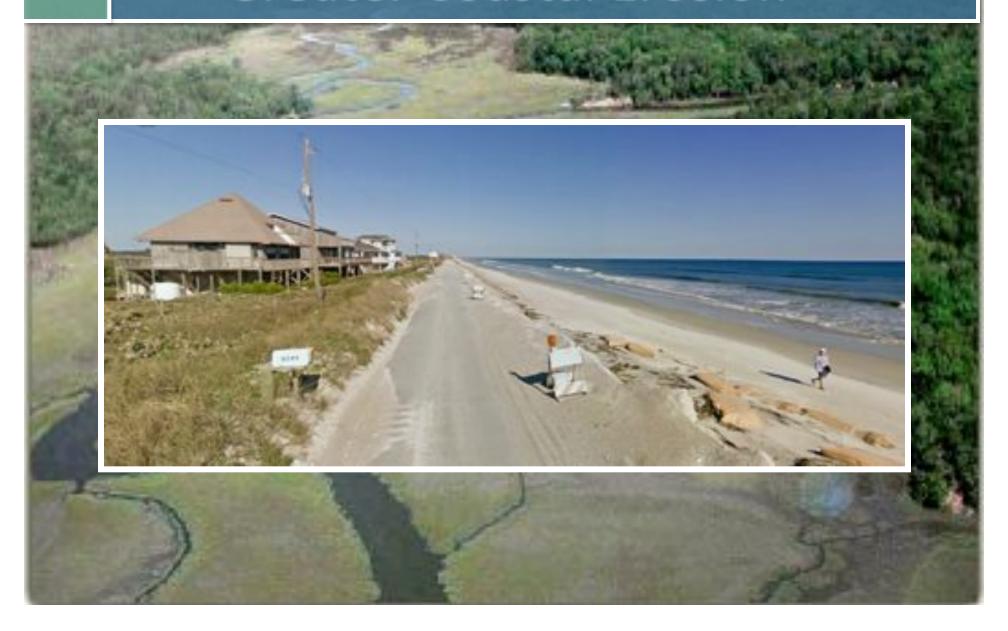


Increased Flooding **Greater Coastal Erosion** Saltwater Intrusion into Aquifers Storm Surges Farther Inland Habitat and Species Changes

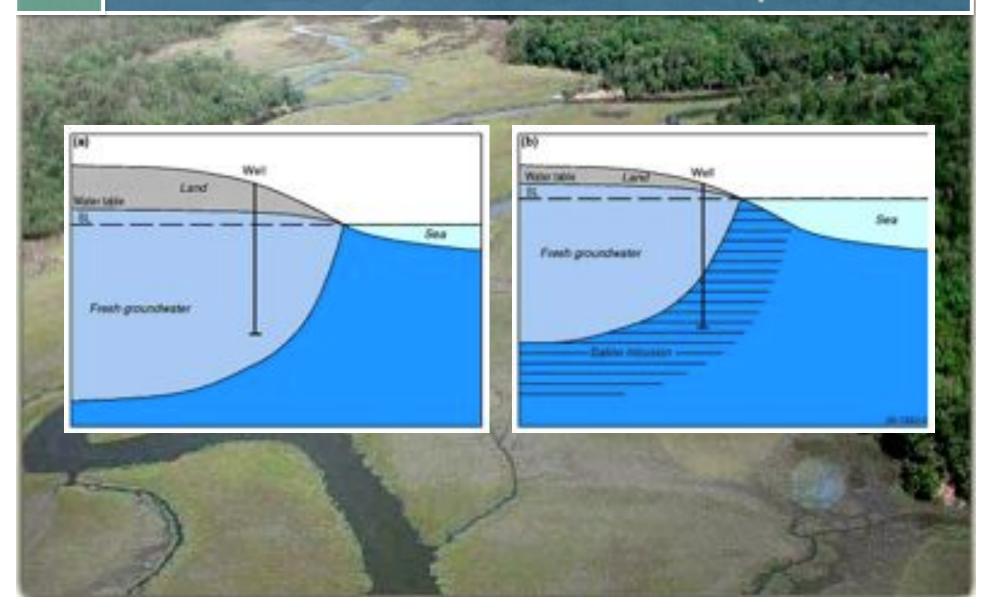
Increased Flooding



Greater Coastal Erosion



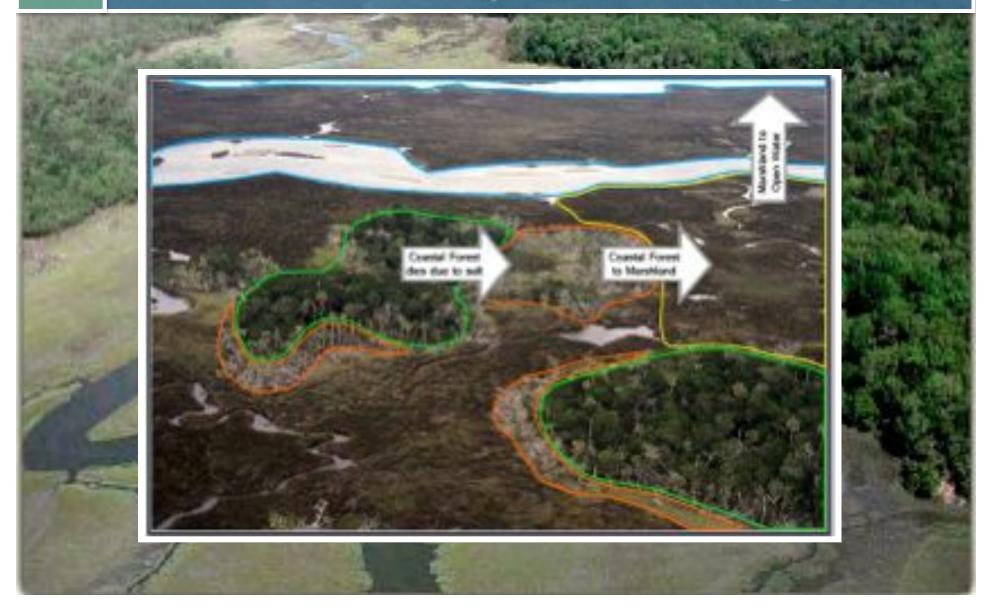
Saltwater Intrusion into Aquifers



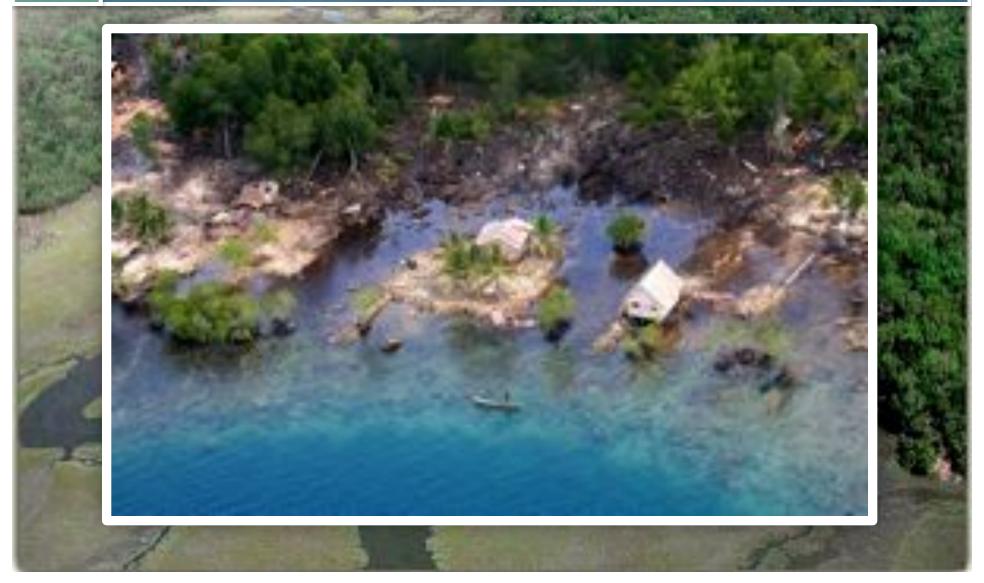
Storm Surges Farther Inland



Habitat and Species Change



Small changes in sea levels can have a BIG effect...



We have plenty of time to plan. Don't we?





- We are already beginning to experience the effects associated with gradual sea level rise in terms of:
 - ➤ Coastal Properties and Roads
 - >Stormwater Management
 - ➤ Water Quality and Supply
 - > Emergency Preparedness
 - ➤ Natural Resources

Proactive planning may lessen the short and long-term effects of sea level rise

- Preserve natural lands and systems
- Plan for infrastructure investments
- Move special places
- Encourage new development on higher ground



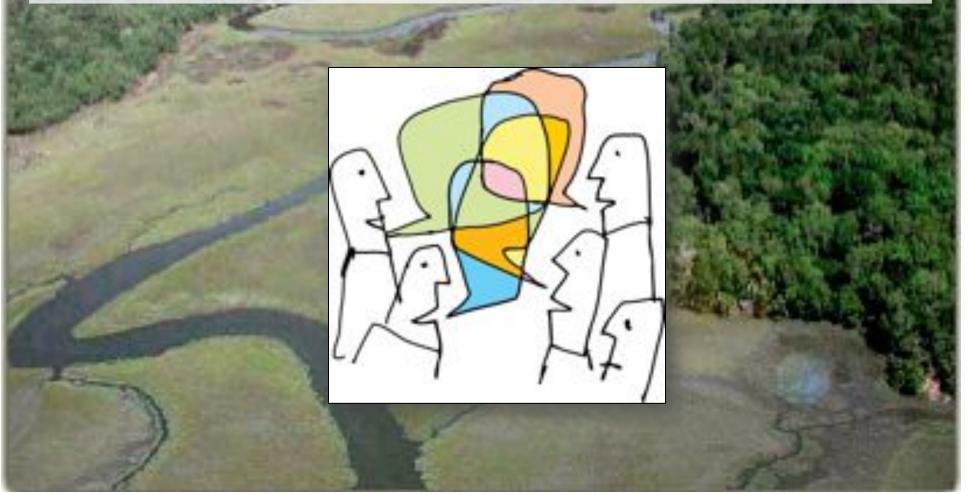
This is not going to happen in my lifetime. Why should I care?



We must contemplate our legacy.

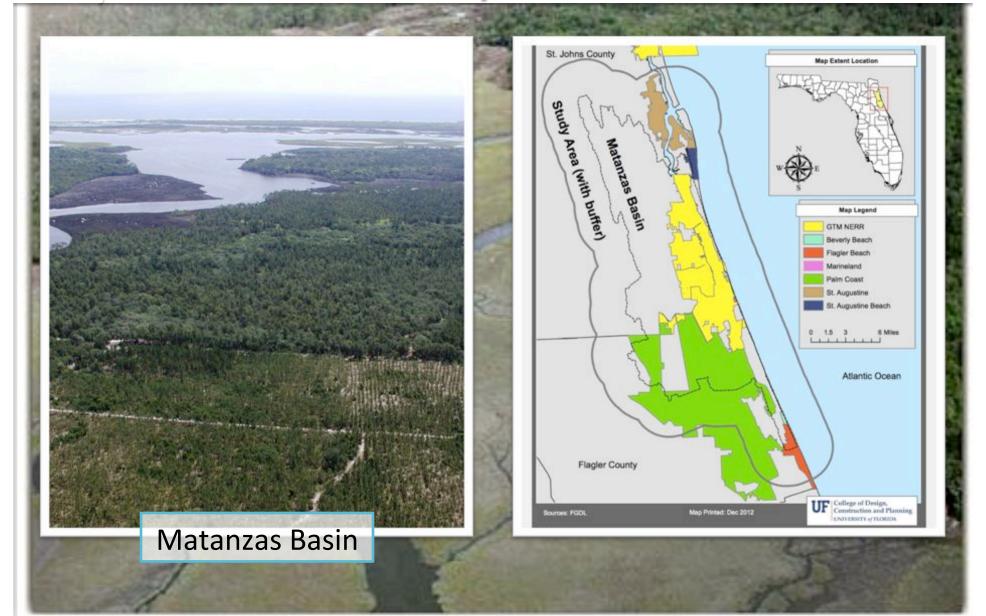




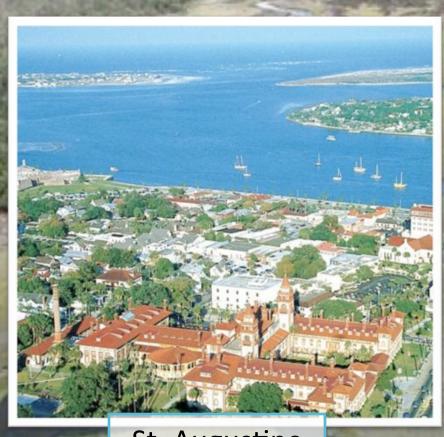




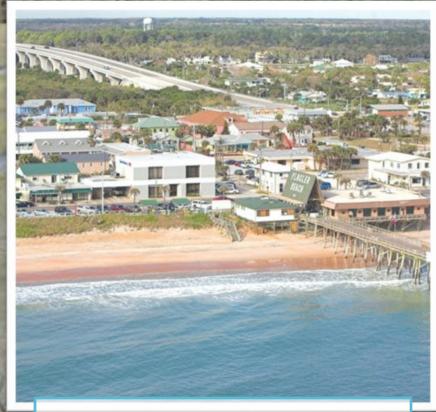
Study Area



Study Area



St. Augustine

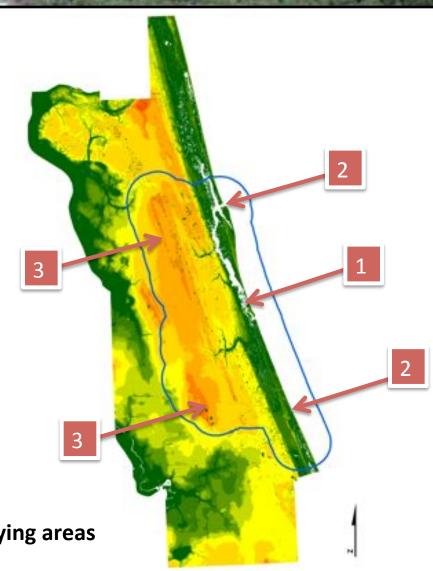


Palm Coast-Flagler Beach

Elevation and Development

Three Types of **Areas for Adaptive** Design

- Coastal natural areas
- 2. Coastal development
- Upland future development or conservation





Low-lying areas

Matanzas Topography



Matanzas Estuary Habitats



Habitat Changes

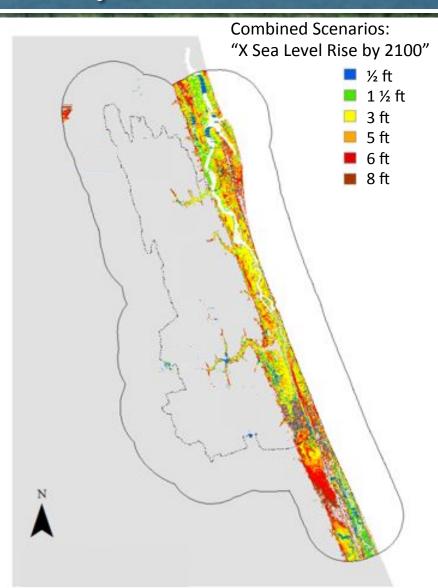


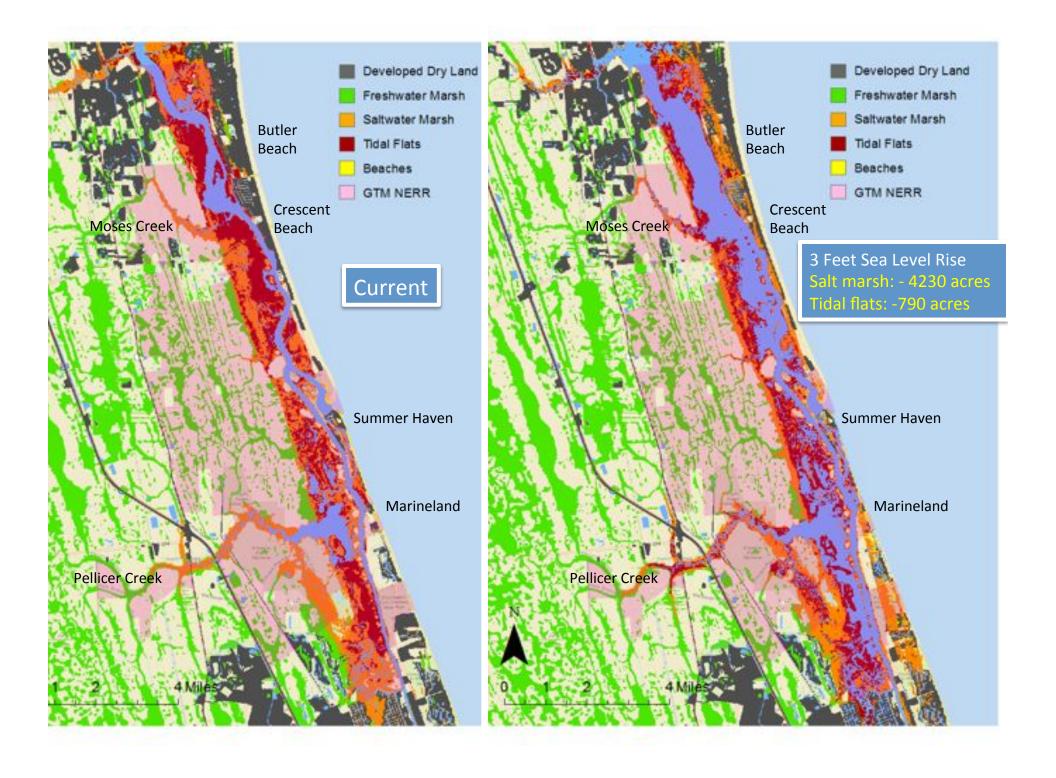
Analysis of Sea Level Rise Impacts

STATE OF STREET	Vulnerable Areas Due To:	Elevation Model	Habitat Changes Model: SLAMM	Storm Surge Model: Hazus	Local Knowledge and Tailored Studies
	Increased flooding frequency	✓	✓	✓	✓
1	Greater coastal erosion				✓
	Saltwater intrusion into aquifers				✓
	Higher storm surges			✓	✓
	Habitat and species changes		✓		✓

Areas Impacted by Sea Level Rise

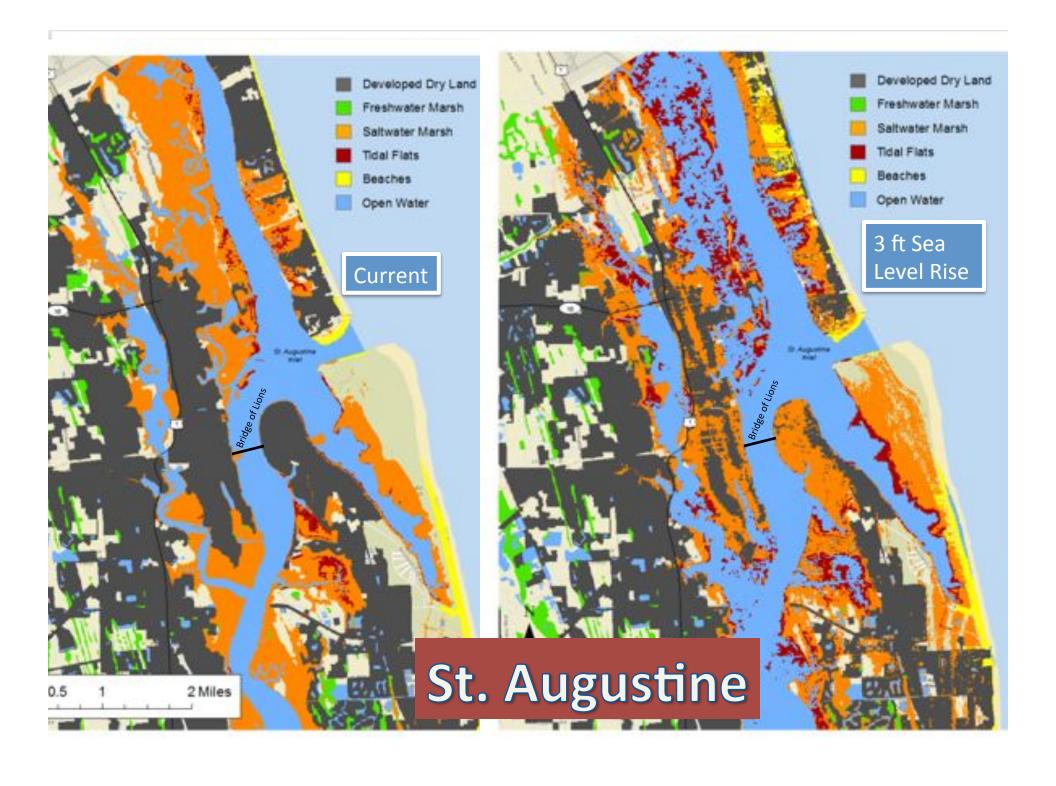
Dynamic Model Sea Level **Affecting Marshes** Model (SLAMM) Habitat changes Shows impacts to developed areas if they are allowed to change





Sea Level Rise Simulation



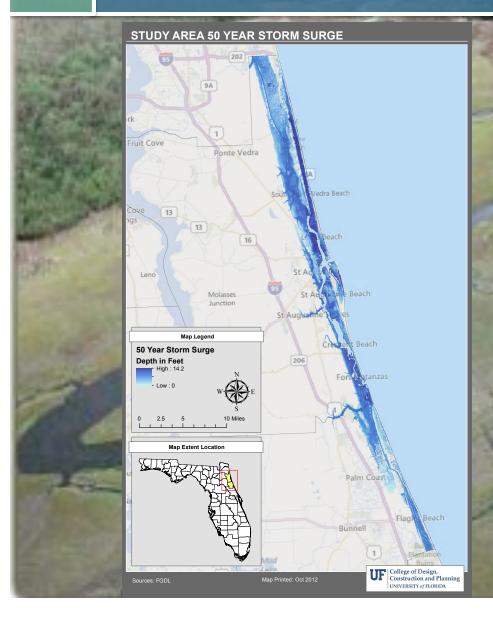


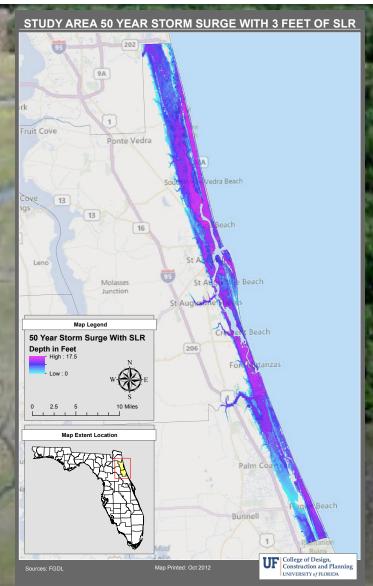
Loss of Dry Land

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Acres change from 3 feet sea level rise		St. Augustine	Anastasia Island	Flagler Beaches	Palm Coast		
Developed land to:							
	Salt marsh	2450	1400	2470	360		
	Tidal flats	4	12	4	32		
	Water	4	7	9	19		
Undeveloped dry land to:							
	Salt marsh	1250	1700	2310	190		
	Tidal flats	2	9	4	2		
	Water	2	4	2	14		

Affecting residential, commercial, and institutional land uses

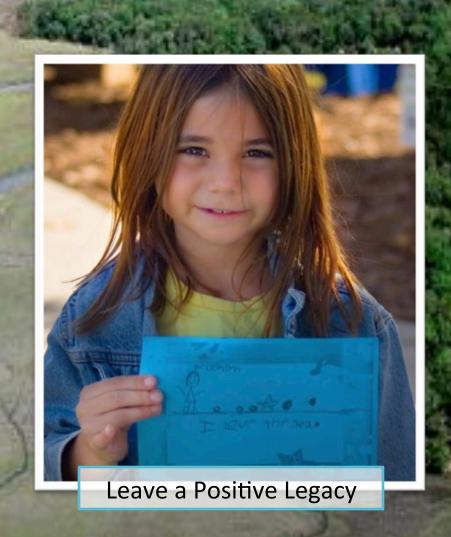
Storm Surge





Why plan for sea level rise now?

- Sea level rise is occurring now and will accelerate
- Planning is slow
- Responsibility for public safety, health and welfare
- Gain public confidence and reduce liability and market uncertainties
- Opportunities to reduce risk and costs, improve communities, and provide adaptation services





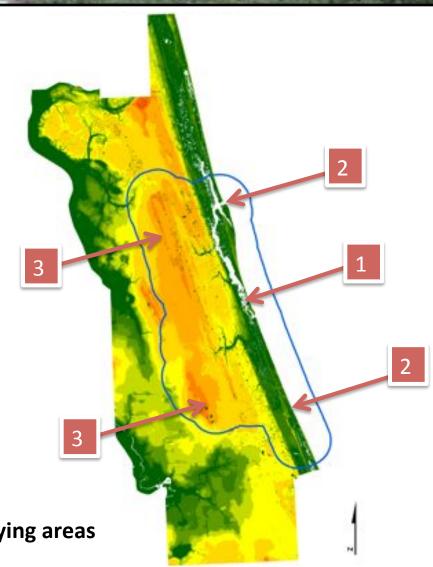
Adaptation Strategies

- Options, not recommendations
- Urban and regional planning
 - "Protection, accommodation, retreat"
- Environmental, natural resource, and rural planning
- References
 - Grannis, Jessica. 2011. Adaptation tool kit: sea-level rise and coastal land use. How governments can use land-use practices to adapt to sea-level rise. Georgetown Climate Center.
 - http://www.georgetownclimate.org/sites/default/files/ Adaptation Tool Kit SLR.pdf
 - Florida Department of Economic Opportunity: Adaptation Planning
 http://www.floridajobs.org/community-planning-and-development/programs/technical-assistance/community-resiliency/adaptation-planning

Integrated Planning and Design

Three Types of **Areas for Adaptive** Design

- Coastal natural areas
- 2. Coastal development
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Low-lying areas

Area 1. Coastal Natural Areas



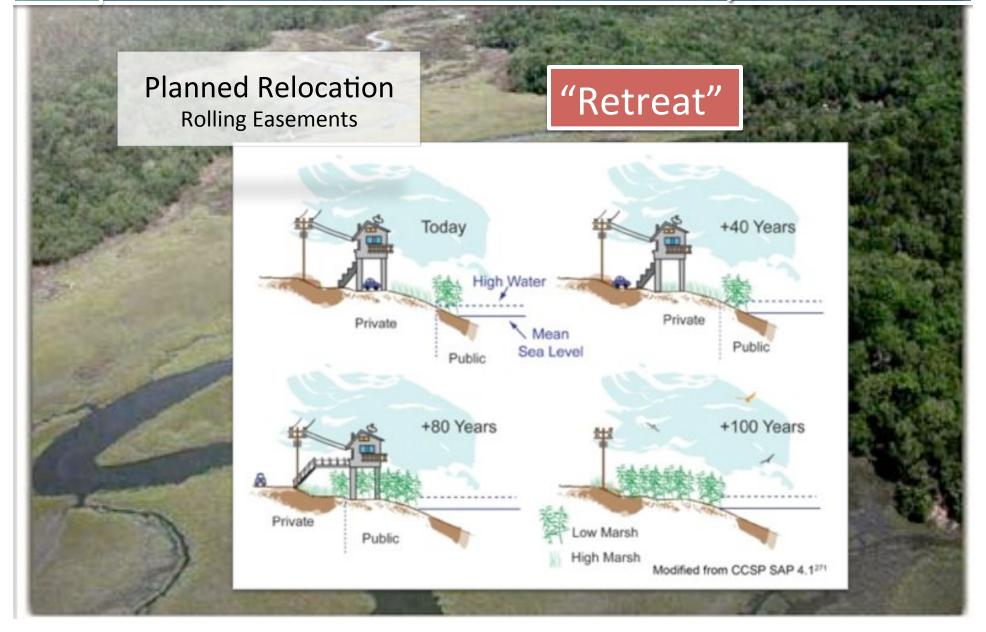




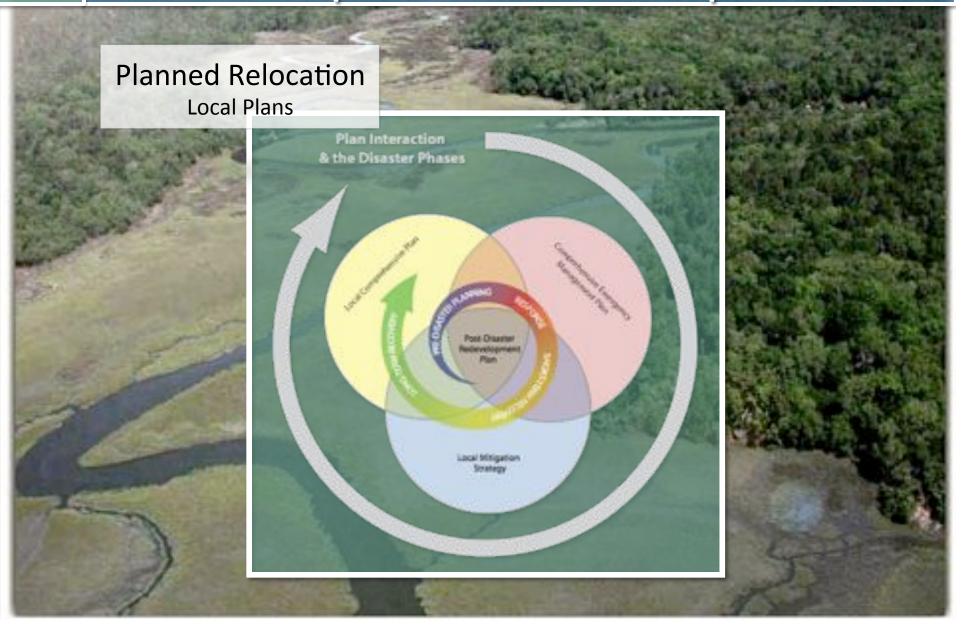




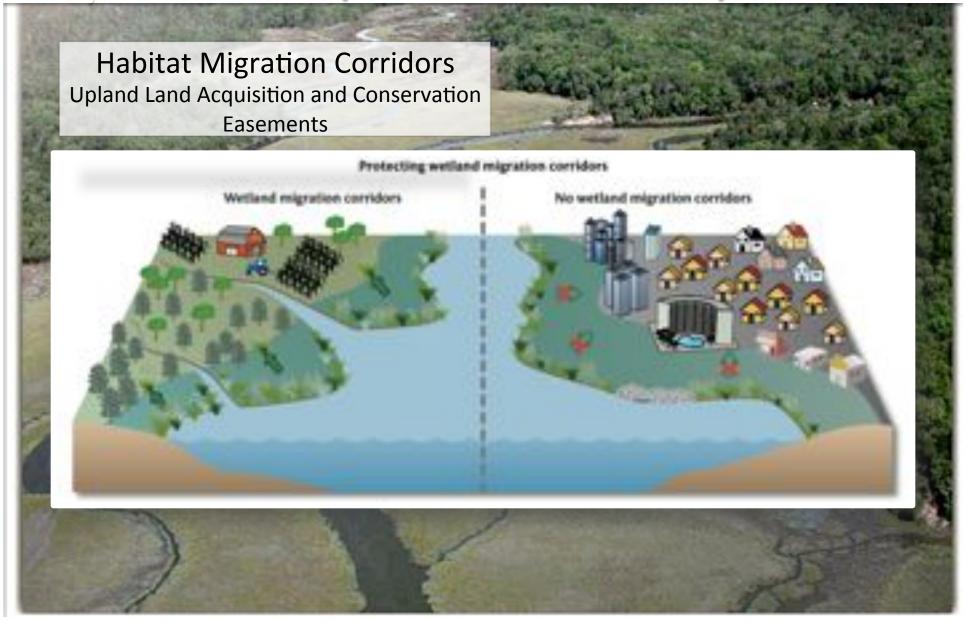




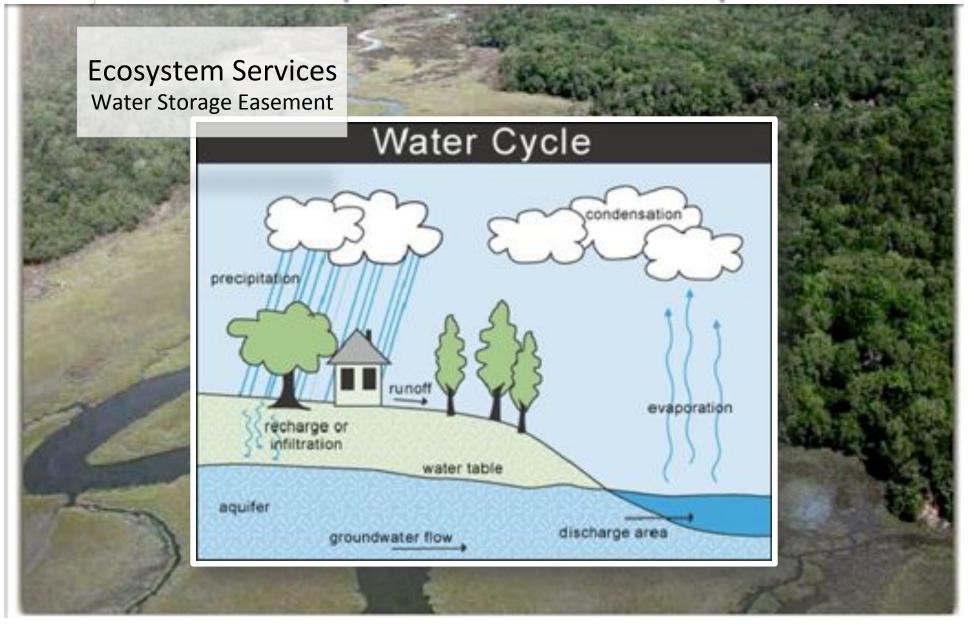
Area 3. Upland Undeveloped Land



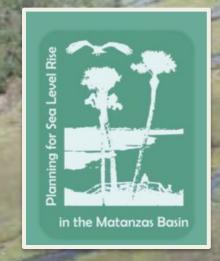
Area 3. Upland Undeveloped Land



Area 3. Upland Undeveloped Land



Thank You! PlanningMatanzas.org



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